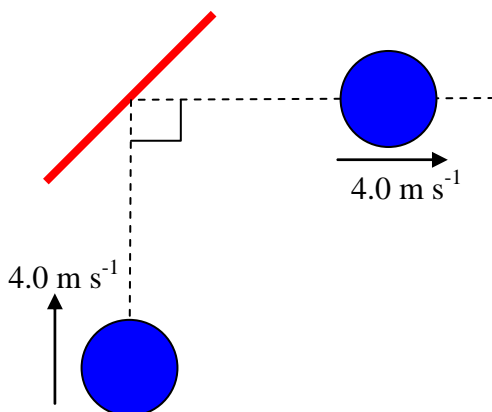


**Extension Worksheet – Topic 2, Worksheet 2**

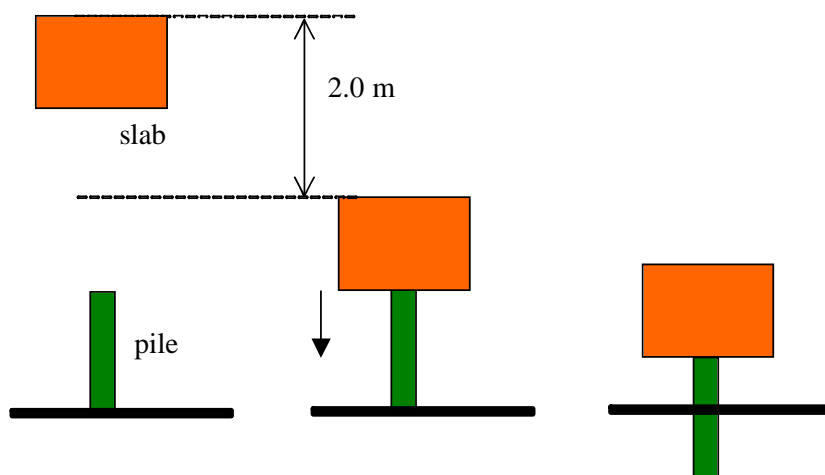
- 1 A ball of mass  $0.25 \text{ kg}$  travelling at  $4.0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  on a horizontal floor hits a wall and rebounds with the same speed as shown in the diagram.



Calculate the impulse delivered to the ball in magnitude and direction.

[3]

- 2 A rocket of mass  $4000 \text{ kg}$  (including fuel) ejects gases at a rate of  $200 \text{ kg s}^{-1}$  at a speed of  $1800 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  relative to the rocket. The rocket is initially at rest on the surface of a planet where  $g = 8.0 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ . Calculate:
- a the force exerted on the gases by the rocket engine. [2]
  - b the initial net force on the rocket. [1]
  - c the initial acceleration of the rocket. [1]
- 3 A slab of mass  $54 \text{ kg}$  falls from rest from a height of  $2.0 \text{ m}$  above a pile of mass  $18 \text{ kg}$  as shown in the diagram.



- a Calculate the speed of the slab as it impacts the pile. [2]
- b Calculate the common speed with which the pile and the slab move immediately after impact. [2]

- c** The pile is driven to a depth of 0.50 m in the ground. Calculate the average upward force the ground exerted on the pile. [3]
- 4** After a body has fallen vertically by a certain distance the gravitational potential energy of the body decreased by  $\Delta E_p$  and an amount of thermal energy  $Q$  was generated. The change in the body's kinetic energy during this time is
- A**  $\Delta E_p$
- B**  $\Delta E_p + Q$
- C**  $\Delta E_p - Q$
- D**  $Q$  [1]
- 5** The graph shows the variation with distance of the net force acting on a body of mass 6.0 kg that is initially at rest.



- a** Determine the maximum acceleration of the mass during its displacement by 10 m. [1]
- b** Calculate the work done on the mass when the mass has moved 4.0 m. [2]
- c** Calculate the speed of the mass at  $x = 4.0$  m. [2]

- 6** The graph shows the variation with time of the net force acting on a body of mass 0.50 kg that is initially at rest.



- a** Determine the maximum acceleration of the mass during the 10 s interval. [1]
- b** Calculate the velocity of the mass at  $t = 10$  s. [3]
- c** Calculate the average power developed by the net force during the 10 s interval. [2]
- d** Calculate the average force acting on the ball. [1]
- e** Calculate the distance travelled during the 10 s. [2]